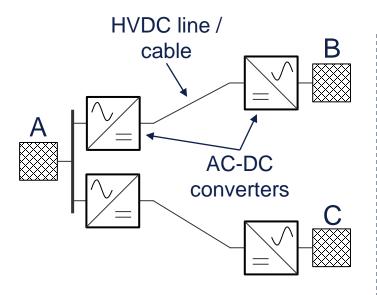


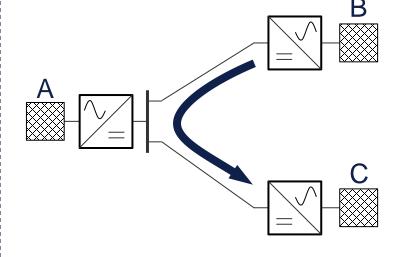
# Meshed HVDC grids

The next step for Offshore Wind in Europe

Ambra Sannino, Power Systems Planning, Northern Europe 06 April 2023

### **HVDC** systems



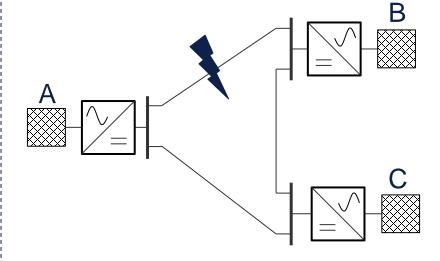


#### **Point-point systems**

- Bespoke projects
- Easier project development
  - Single vendor procurement
  - Single purpose
- Mature and widely applied

#### **Radial** multi-terminal system

- Multi-purpose
- Fewer converters
  - Lower cost
  - Lower footprint
  - Lower losses
- Requires compatibility



#### **Meshed** multi-terminal system

- Redundant paths
  - Increased availability
  - Reduced impact on AC grids
- Requires DC protection system

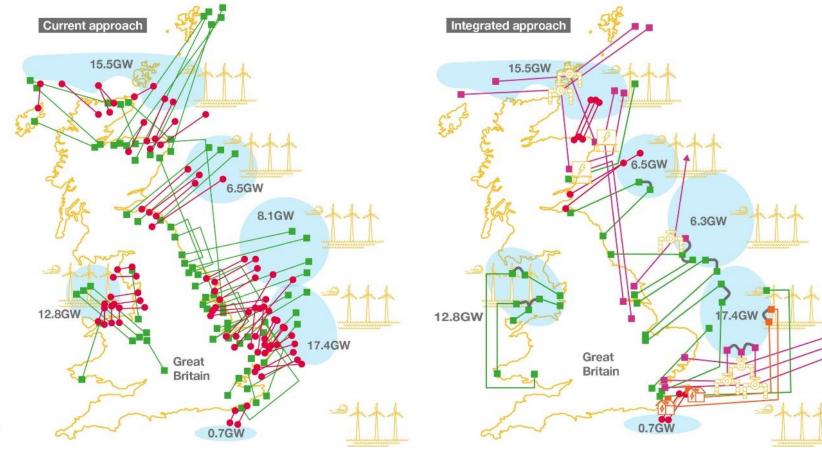


## Multi-terminal HVDC grid benefits

GB implementation by 2050

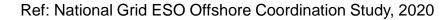
#### **UK** as example

- 18% lower lifetime costs
- Significantly lower environmental impact
- Significantly lower local and social impact
- Improved security of supply





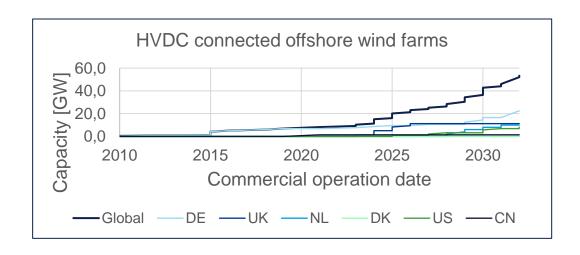


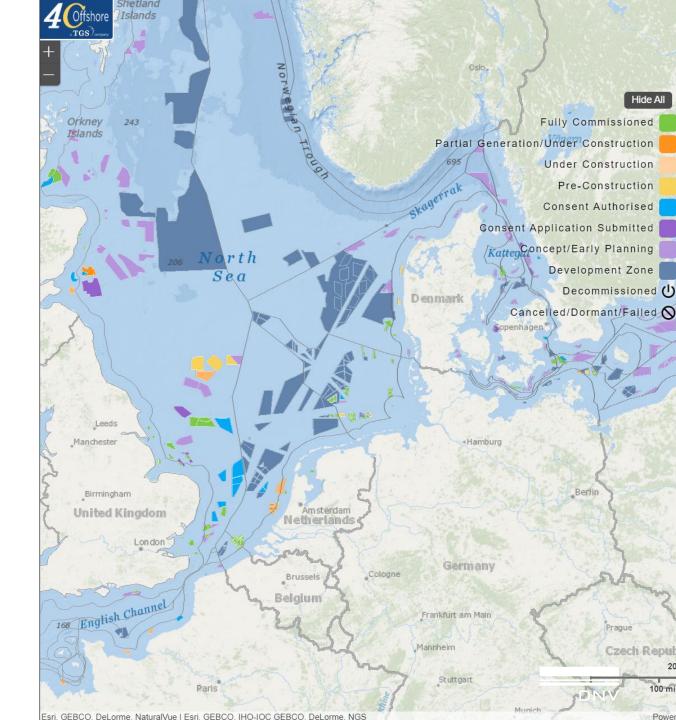




#### Offshore Wind

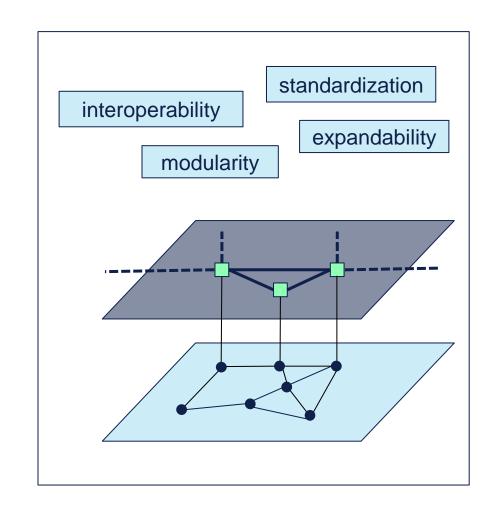
- Strong global growth expected
- First MT (radial) VSC-HVDC grids
- Multi-purpose HVDC infrastructure appearing
- Some countries leading the development with "new" ones quickly coming up





## HVDC grids – Opportunities

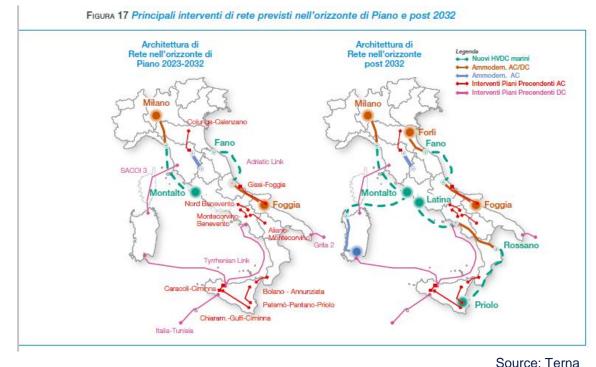
- Benefits of HVDC grids:
  - Better use of wind resource
  - Better market integration
  - Relieve transmission grid congestion
- Overlay DC grid as backbone of the 2050 European grid
  - Coordination to unlock project synergies and realize societal benefits
  - Standardisation to enable technical compatibility and interoperability
  - Integration with the existing AC grid





### Example: Terna's Hypergrid

- New Development Plan of Italy's transmission grid unveiled in mid March
- Investment in the next 10 yrs up by +17% to a total of €21bn, of which €11bn for five HVDC backbones
- Power transmission capacity from south to north doubles from today's 16 GW to 30 GW
- Terna has connection requests for 300GW today
- The plan includes 500kV marine connections and extensive use of DCCBs by 2032



Five new HVDC backbones combined with existing and already planned HVDC links (eq Thyrrenian link) create an overlay DC grid (Hypergrid)



## HVDC grids – related collaborations

2014 2016 2018 2020 2022 2024 2026



Oct 2014-Sep 2018

Total budget: 62.8 M€ EC contribution: 35.5 M€

39 Partners from

11 European countries





Oct 2022 - Mar 2026

Total budget: 6.9 M€ EC contribution: 6.5 M€

14 Partners from11 European countries



Jan 2016 - Dec 2019

Total budget: 42M €

34 Partners from

11 European countries



Apr 2022 – Sep 2023

Total budget: 1M€ EC contribution: 1 M€

7 Partners



Jan 2023 – Apr 2027

Total budget: 69 M€ EC contribution: 50 M€

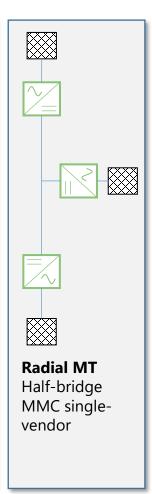
17 Partners

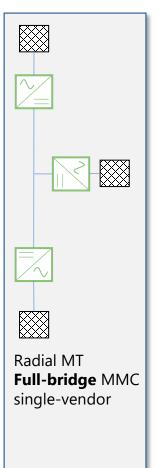
HVDC grids feasibility proven

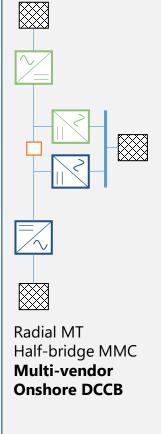


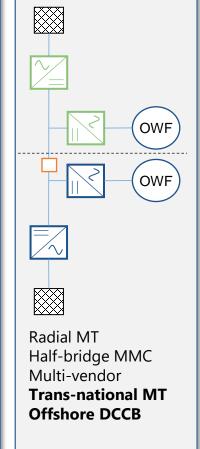
# Pilot projects Full scale demonstrators of feasibility and benefits

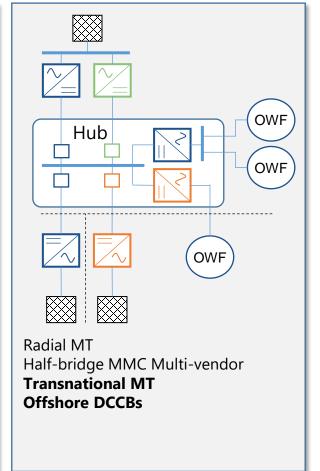














#### Pilot projects

#### Full scale demonstrators of feasibility and benefits

Radial multi terminal China

Meshed multi Radial multi terminal China

terminal Europe

**HVDC GIS** Europe

Full-bridge converters Europe

Coordination

Meshed multi-terminal grids & islands Europe

Combination with hydrogen Europe

Offshore & multi-terminal HVDC US

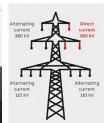




















**EUROBAR North Sea Wind Power Hub** 

2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033

200 kV 400 MW Five-terminal radial Zhoushan system China

160 kV 240 MW Three-terminal radial Na'nao system China

500 kV 3 GW Five terminal meshed Zhangbei system China

320 kV 1200 MW Three-terminal radial CMS system, Scotland, UK

> 320 kV 900 MW HVDC Gas insulated switchgear Borwin 5 & Dolwin 6 projects Germany

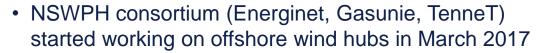
380 kV 2 GW Three-terminal FB **ULTRANET**, Germany 525 kV 3x2 GW Meshed offshore grid Windstrom-Booster & Heide HVDC hub Germany

2 GW 525 kV **HVDC** Multi-terminal readiness & HVDC GIS IJmuiden Ver, Netherlands



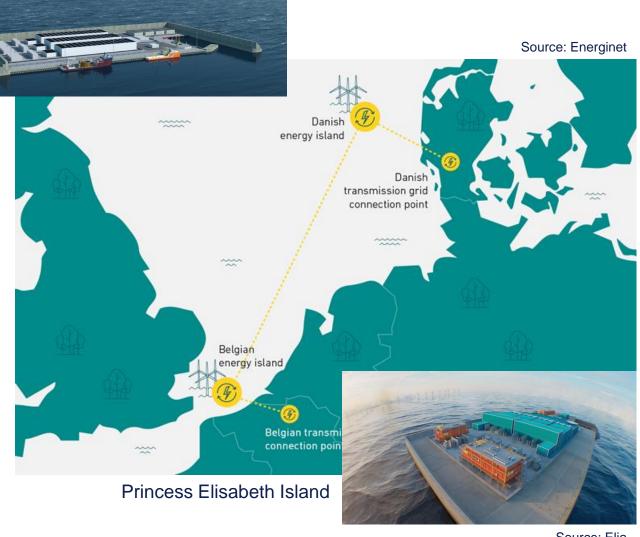
### **Energy Islands**

Source: Danish Energy Agency



- June 2020, decision to build 2 energy islands in DK - in the North Sea and in the Baltic Sea.
  - Bornholm energy island: capacity of 3 GW,
  - North Sea energy island: capacity of 3 GW in 2033, and 10 GW in the longer term.
- TritonLink will transfer offshore wind energy to DK and BE via two artificial energy islands
  - Studies are ongoing
  - Construction to start in 2026-27, energization in 2031-32

initial focus is on green electricity with additional production of green fuels such as hydrogen or ammonia in the future







#### Summary

- Multi-terminal HVDC transmission grids:
  - have significant benefits over multiple point-point links
  - already exist → the technology is ready
  - are a key enabler of the energy transition
- Pilot projects needed to demonstrate technical feasibility and project benefits
- Cooperation and collaboration across all stakeholder levels needed to achieve:
  - Standardisation to enable technical compatibility and interoperability
  - Coordination to unlock **project synergies** and realize societal benefits
- Looking further: combine offshore wind and hydrogen storage in energy island concepts



## Meshed HVDC grids

The next step for Offshore Wind in Europe

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