TSO Grid digitalization, case IoT monitoring at Fingrid

Future Grid Acceleration, March 8th, 2022 Timo Kiiveri, SVP, Fingrid Asset Management



For power system expertise

Finnish Power System

99.99992 % transmission reliability

System peak load 15 105 MWh/h

14 300 km transmission lines (400, 220 and 110 kV) 115 substations

1300 circuit breakers3 600 disconnectors5 900 instrument transformers

average age of OHL 32 yr average age of s/s 18 yr



Why IoT ? Back in 2016

Improve real time knowledge of asset condition Allocate maintenance actions on need basis

Minimize outages of assets condition checks

 Time based measurements replaced by IoT sensors

 New biz models for service contracts

Want to be forerunner in TSO domain

 Change management, internal, external

> Cigre For power system expertise

Constrains: cost effective, affordable, scalable





Model Validation - PoC: case Partial Discharges



- Development stream outputs were tested in simulated environment
 - High voltage laboratory
 - Real phenomena with test object(s)
 - Head to head comparison with different solutions
 - Technically dominant solution (Company) was selected for next phase





IoT R&D phase 2018-2021, three main streams



- 1. Sensor development
- Reliability centered approach on development, real use cases only
- · Innovation challenges 2018-2019 with partner



Technology scope:

- 1. Switchgear monitoring *lonsign*
- 2. Partial discharge monitoring of current transformers (RFI) *Sulaon*
- 3. Control building monitoring Haltian
- 4. Temperature monitoring on primary paths, sensor *Haltian*
- 5. Busbar vibration Haltian
- 6. Temperature monitoring on primary components, camera
- 7. SF6 leakage indication system at GIS Ionsign

- 2. Data-platform
- Messages, data processing, performance indicator calculation
- Cloud platform (Azure-Databricks) ready for specific data channels

3. IoT UI

- Alarms, results and visualization
- Test run on UI-application ongoing



	Asset	Asset Type	TriggerTime (EEST)	Operation	Motor Current Flat Max (A)	Flat Mean (A)			Motor Current Integral (As)	Current Peak	Operation Duration (s)
			•								
ΚN	AE10Q3	ERO	16.4.2019 15:17:53	Open	1,48	1,31	1,17	0,04	7,77	7,25	5,82
κN	AE10Q1	ERO	16.4.2019 15:05:30	Open	2,05	1,73	1,25	0,13	11,20	6,95	6,42
ΚN	AE10Q4	ERO	16.4.2019 14:17:13	Open	1,61	1,52	1,31	0,05	9,31	7,58	6,05
κN	AE07Q4	ERO	16.4.2019 14:15:35	Open	1,88	1,76	1,62	0,05	10,19	7,45	5,69
ΚN	AE08Q2	ERO	16.4.2019 13:36:00	Open	1,56	1,40	1,26	0,05	8,43	8,90	5,86









Example of Switchgear monitoring - IoT for circuit breakers













IoT consists of:

- 1 piezo sensor-AE (motor)
- 4 Hall-sensors (trip, close coils, motor)
- 1 air-electret microphone (internal)
- 1 MEMS sensor (damper)
- 2 binary inputs (NO, NC)
- temp/humidity sensor.

User Interface – 800 MW HVDC Fenno-Skan 2 valve cooling





Vision in year 2025

The busiest day at Fingrid's substation

Improve real time knowledge of asset condition Allocate maintenance actions on need basis

Minimize outages of assets condition checks

Want to be forerunner in TSO domain

Lessons learned – so far



- Visible top management support is vital
- Common vision and engagement
- Perseverance and continuous learning process
- It's far from technology project but change management human inertia
- From technology viewpoint IT and OT are converging may cause collisions
- Prioritization of potential use cases. Cost benefit Biz impact approach
- Low cost sensors vs. high quality measurements challenge
- Fail fast short development sprints
- Results will be cached out if not tomorrow but in coming years

Thank You!

Q&A

